Type of the Paper (Original Article, Review, Method, Genome Report, etc.)

Title of Article

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**Abstract:** A single paragraph of about 300 words maximum. For research articles, abstracts should give a significant overview of the work. We highly advise writers to use the following standardized descriptive format, but without headings: (1) Background: Place the problem answered in a specific context and illustrate the aim of the study; (2) Methods: Briefly define the key methods or interventions used; (3) Results: Summarize the article's key findings; and (4) Conclusions: Specify the main conclusions or interpretations. The abstract should be an unbiased reflection of the paper, should not include findings which are not discussed and confirmed in the main text and should not exaggerate the key conclusions.

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0. How to Use This Template

This template sets out the sections that can be included in a manuscript. Remember that each section has its own style, which can be found in the 'Styles' Word menu. Sections which are not compulsory are classified as such. The titles of the section referred to are for Articles. Review papers and other types of articles have a more flexible structure. Encountering difficulties? Contact IT Support ([inquiries@hh-publisher.com](mailto:inquiries@hh-publisher.com)) for assistance. Remove this paragraph and start section numbering with 1. **Review Manuscripts** do not need to follow this template but just incorporate an **Introduction** section to start and a **Conclusions** section to end the text.

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The introduction should briefly position the study in a broadest sense and point out why it is relevant. It should describe the intent and significance of the work. The current state of the research area should be carefully checked and key articles should be cited. Please point out conflicting and differing hypotheses when appropriate. Finally, briefly discuss the main purpose of the study and illustrate the key conclusions. In addition, please keep the presentation intelligible in scientists beyond your particular area of study.

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2. Results

This section can be divided up into subheadings. This will provide a detailed and concise description of the experimental observations, their interpretation and the experimental conclusions which can be drawn.

2.1. Subsection

*2.1.1. Subsubsection*

Bulleted lists look like this:

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2.2. Figures and Tables

All figures and tables should be cited in the main text as Figure 1, Table 1, etc. Figures and tables should be placed in the main text near to the first time they are cited.

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| (**a**) | (**b**) |

**Figure 1.** This is a figure, Schemes follow the same formatting. If there are multiple panels, they should be listed as: (**a**) Description of what is contained in the first panel; (**b**) Description of what is contained in the second panel. A caption on a single line should be centered.

**Table 1.** This is a table.

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| **Title 1** | **Title 2** | **Title 3** |
| entry 1 | Data | data |
| entry 2 | Data | data 1 |

1 Tables may have a footer.

3. Discussion

The authors must analyze the findings and how they can be viewed from the perspective of previous research and working hypotheses. The findings and their consequences should be addressed in the broadest possible scope. Future directions for science may also be illustrated.

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References

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References should be numbered in order of appearance and indicated by a numeral or numerals in superscript square brackets, e.g., [1] or [2,3], or [4–6].

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